

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

for the period ended June 30, 2021

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Index

The reports and statements set out below comprise the consolidated and separate financial statements presented to the shareholders:

Contents	Page
General Information	1
Consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	2
Consolidated and separate statements of financial position	3
Consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity	4
Consolidated and separate statements of cash flows	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 41

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile Nigeria

Nature of business and principal activities Refining of raw sugar into edible sugar and selling of refined sugar

ChairmanAlh. Aliko Dangote (GCON)Group Managing Director/CEOMr. Ravindra SinghviDirectorMr. Olakunle AlakeDirectorAlh. Sani DangoteDirectorMr. Uzoma NwankwoDirectorMs. Bennedikter MolokwuDirectorDr. Konyinsola Ajayi (SAN)

Dr. Konyinsola Ajayi (S Director Alh. Abdu Dantata Director Ms. Maryam Bashir

Registered office GDNL Administrative Building

Terminal E, Shed 20 NPA Apapa Wharf Complex

Apapa Lagos

Holding company Dangote Industries Limited, incorporated in Nigeria

Ultimate holding company Greenview International Corp. Cayman Island

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers Chartered Accountants

Landmark Towers

Plot 5B, Water Corporation Road

Victoria Island

Lagos

Bankers Access Bank Plc

Ecobank Plc Fidelity Bank Plc

First Bank of Nigeria Limited First City Monument Bank Plc FSDH Merchant Bank Guaranty Trust Bank Plc

Jaiz Bank Plc Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc

Standard Chartered Bank Nigeria Limited

Sterling Bank Plc Union Bank of Nigeria Plc

Unity Bank Plc

United Bank for Africa Plc

Zenith Bank Plc

Company Secretary/Legal Adviser Mrs. Temitope Hassan

3rd Floor, GDNL Administrative Building

Terminal E, Shed 20 NPA Apapa Wharf Complex

Apapa Lagos

Registrars Veritas Registrars Limited

Plot 89A Ajose Adeogun Street

Victoria Island

Lagos

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Note(s)	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Continuing operations		11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000
Revenue Cost of sales	5 6	131,952,078 (103,360,643)	214,297,747 (160,551,299)	103,233,771 (82,410,381)	131,952,078 (103,360,643)	206,360,656 (153,153,524)	95,471,249 (74,965,878)
Gross profit Other income Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Impairment of investment in Niger Sugar Impairment (losses)/gains on financial assets Operating profit	11 7 7 21.1 23.3 14	28,591,435 128,906 (288,759) (4,950,281) - - 23,481,301	53,746,448 906,929 (676,938) (9,010,569) (99,000) (430,857) 44,436,013	20,823,390 409,677 (333,987) (3,500,946) - - 17,398,134	28,591,435 128,906 (288,759) (4,656,516) - - 23,775,066	53,207,132 815,299 (667,056) (7,517,640) (99,000) 581,855 46,320,590	20,505,371 384,667 (326,004) (2,396,567) - - 18,167,467
Finance cost Finance costs - net	10 _	(4,798,637) (4,798,637)	(1,915,548) (1,915,548)	(1,477,769) (1,477,769)	(4,628,113) (4,628,113)	(1,525,382) (1,525,382)	(1,402,188) (1,402,188)
Investment income Fair value adjustment	8 9	504,459 (431,696)	684,786 2,417,067	308,292 815,561	504,458 (431,696)	684,453 559,287	308,292
Profit before tax Taxation Profit for the year	12.1	18,755,427 (6,150,309) 12,605,118	45,622,319 (15,847,076) 29,775,243	17,044,218 (5,463,543) 11,580,675	19,219,715 (6,150,309) 13,069,406	46,038,948 (14,668,289) 31,370,659	17,073,571 (5,463,544) 11,610,027
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest	<u>-</u>	12,609,761 (4,643)	29,764,578 10,665	11,582,143 (1,468)	13,069,406	31,370,659	11,610,027 -
	=	12,605,118	29,775,243	11,580,675	13,069,406	31,370,659	11,610,027
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	12,605,118	29,775,243	11,580,675	13,069,406	31,370,659	11,610,027
Total comprehensive income attributable to:							
Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest	-	12,609,761 (4,643) 12,605,118	29,764,578 10,665 29,775,243	11,582,143 (1,468) 11,580,675	13,069,406 - - 13,069,406	31,370,659 - 31,370,659	11,610,027 - 11,610,027
Earnings per share	=	12,003,110	23,113,243	11,300,073	13,003,400	31,310,039	11,010,021
Basic and diluted earnings per share (Naira)	15	1.04	2.45	0.97	1.08	2.58	0.97

Consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at June 30, 2021

		GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Assets							
Non-current assets				04 005 074		70 000 057	30,572,302
Property, plant and equipment	16	116,260,077	101,733,526	84,205,071	78,055,566	76,698,057	30,372,302
Intangible assets	17		-	-		-	_
Other assets	19	-	-	-			3,610,923
Investment in subsidiaries	21	-		-	297,000	297,000	3,610,923
Deposit for shares	21b	-		-	48,696,503	41,574,737	
Deferred tax assets	13 _			10,440,450		<u> </u>	
Total non-current assets	_	116,260,077	101,733,526	94,645,521	127,049,069	118,569,794	34,183,225
Current assets						54 500 007	04 000 700
Inventories	22	61,600,806	63,000,300	29,409,125	50,289,522	51,568,627	21,932,792
Biological assets	18	4,318,290	4,462,449	2,647,996	4,318,290	4,462,449	400 050 054
Trade and other receivables	23	48,642,946	63,060,342	36,072,545	37,118,625	39,371,894	109,050,854
Other assets	19	1,372,732	46,689	401,141	1,372,107	44,617	396,331
Asset held for sale	20	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642
Cash and cash equivalents	24 _	50,808,755	44,860,441	65,159,827	50,403,459	44,394,521	64,937,524
Total current assets	_	167,612,171	176,298,863	134,559,276	144,370,645	140,710,750	197,186,143
Total assets	_	283,872,248	278,032,389	229,204,797	271,419,714	259,280,544	231,369,368
Equity							
Attributable to owners of Parent co					0.070.400	0.070.400	0.000.000
Share capital	25	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,000,000	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,000,000
Share premium	25	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524
Retained earnings	26 _	106,717,857	112,328,413	107,840,724	107,758,027	112,908,939	117,372,449
		119,111,820	124,722,376	120,161,248	120,151,990	125,302,902	129,692,973
Non-controlling interest	27 _	(15,312) 119,096,507	(10,669) 124,711,707	(444,105) 119,717,143	120,151,990	125,302,902	129,692,973
Liabilities	=						
Non-Currer t Liabilities							
Deferred tax liabilities	13	8,903,802	8,903,802	5,019,915	8,903,802	8,903,802	5,019,915
Lease liability	31.1	629,778	1,383,100	1,765,695	629,778	1,337,081	1,674,014
Borrowings	28	984,487	984,487		984,487	984,487	-
Don's milgs	-	10,518,067	11,271,389	6,785,610	10,518,067	11,225,370	6,693,929
Current Liabilities	· -						
Current tax liabilities	12.3	6,158,620	1,554,840	14,021,490	6,158,621	1,554,841	13,989,391
Lease liability	31.1	638,513	1,050,534	612,190	583,076	1,043,658	602,579
Borrowings	28	99,728	194,651	1,233,227	99,728	194,651	-
Trade and other payables	30	145,908,154	135,518,094	82,743,626	132,455,582	116,227,957	76,504,982
Employee benefits	29	950,704	969,591	972,045	950,704	969,591	791,680
Other liabilities	31	501,955	2,761,583	3,119,467	501,946	2,761,574	3,093,834
	· ·	154,257,674	142,049,293	102,702,044	140,749,657	122,752,272	94,982,466
Total current liabilities		104,207,014					
Total current liabilities Total liabilities	-	164,775,741	153,320,682	109,487,654	151,267,724	133,977,642 259,280,544	101,676,395 231,369,368

The consolidated and separate financial statements on pages 2 to 40, were approved by the board on July 28, 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Alh. Aliko Dangote, GCON

Chairman

FRC/2013/IODN/00000001766

Mr. Ravindra Singh Singhvi

Group Managing Director/CEO FRC/2021/003/000000/22565

Mrs. Adebola Falade Chief Finance Officer FRC/2016/ICAN/00000015167

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity

Company	Note			Share Capital	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2020			-	N'000 6,000,000	N'000 6,320,524	N'000 105,762,418	N'000 118,082,942
Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period			-	-		11,610,027 11,610,027	11,610,027 11,610,027
Transaction with owners: Dividend paid			<u>-</u>	-	- 220 524	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2020			-	6,000,000	6,320,524	117,372,445	129,692,969
Balance as at 1 July 2020 - changes in share capital*	25 43			6,000,000 73,439	6,320,524	117,372,445 (73,439)	129,692,969
- net difference arising from merger	43					(10,950,699)	(10,950,699)
Profit for the period			_	-	-	19,760,632	19,760,632
Total comprehensive income for the period				-	-	19,760,632	19,760,632
Transaction with owners: Dividend paid				-	-	(13,200,000)	(13,200,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2020			=	6,073,439	6,320,524	112,908,939	125,302,902
Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the			-	-	-	13,069,406 13,069,406	13,069,406 13,069,406
period Transaction with owners:						13,003,400	10,000,100
Dividend paid			_	-	_	(18,220,317)	(18,220,317)
Balance as at 30 June 2021			=	6,073,439	6,320,524	107,758,028	120,151,991
Group		Share	Share	Retained	Attributable to owners of	Non-	
Group		Share Capital	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	owners of parent	Non- controlling interest	Total
Group					owners of	controlling	Total N'000
Balance as at 1 January 2020	-	Capital	Premium	Earnings N'000 96,258,578	owners of parent company N'000	controlling interest N'000 (442,638)	N'000 108,136,464
	-	Capital N'000	Premium N'000	Earnings N'000	owners of parent company N'000	controlling interest N'000	N'000
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the	-	Capital N'000	Premium N'000	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid	-	N'000 6,000,000 - -	N'000 6,320,524 - -	86,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020	-	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000	N'000 6,320,524 - - - 6,320,524	8,000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 - 107,840,721	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020	-	N'000 6,000,000 - -	N'000 6,320,524 - -	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675 119,717,139
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the		Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000	N'000 6,320,524 - - - 6,320,524	8,000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 - 107,840,721	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period	-	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000	N'000 6,320,524 - - - 6,320,524	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Brofit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners:	-	Capital N'000 6,000,000 - 6,000,000 6,000,000	N'000 6,320,524 - - - 6,320,524	8 N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 107,840,721 107,840,721 18,182,435 18,182,435	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	27	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000	N'000 6,320,524 - - - 6,320,524	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Share issued Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest Dividend paid	- - - - 27	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000 73,439	Premium N'000 6,320,524 6,320,524 6,320,524	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 107,840,721 107,840,721 18,182,435 18,182,435 (73,439) (421,304) (13,200,000)	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245 120,161,245 18,182,435 (421,304) (13,200,000)	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106) 12,133 12,133	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Share issued Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest	27	Capital N'000 6,000,000 - 6,000,000 6,000,000	N'000 6,320,524 - - 6,320,524 6,320,524	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 107,840,721 107,840,721 18,182,435 18,182,435 (73,439) (421,304)	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245 120,161,245 18,182,435	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106) 12,133	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675 119,717,139 119,717,139 18,194,568 18,194,568
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Share issued Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest Dividend paid Balance as at 31 December 2020 Profit for the period	27	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000 73,439	Premium N'000 6,320,524 6,320,524 6,320,524	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 107,840,721 107,840,721 18,182,435 18,182,435 (73,439) (421,304) (13,200,000)	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245 120,161,245 18,182,435 (421,304) (13,200,000)	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106) 12,133 12,133	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675 11,580,675 119,717,139 18,194,568 18,194,568 (13,200,000) 124,711,707 12,605,118
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Share issued Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest Dividend paid Balance as at 31 December 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the	27	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000 73,439	Premium N'000 6,320,524 6,320,524 6,320,524	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 107,840,721 107,840,721 18,182,435 18,182,435 (73,439) (421,304) (13,200,000) 112,328,413	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245 120,161,245 18,182,435 (421,304) (13,200,000) 106,539,9411	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106) 12,133 12,133 12,133	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675 119,717,139 119,717,139 18,194,568 18,194,568 (13,200,000)
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Balance as at 1 July 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Share issued Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest Dividend paid Balance as at 31 December 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners:	27	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000 73,439	Premium N'000 6,320,524 6,320,524 6,320,524	N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 107,840,721 107,840,721 18,182,435 18,182,435 (73,439) (421,304) (13,200,000) 112,328,413 12,609,761 12,609,761	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245 120,161,245 18,182,435 (421,304) (13,200,000) 106,539,9411 12,609,761	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106) 12,133 12,133 12,133 (10,669) (4,643)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675 119,717,139 119,717,139 18,194,568 18,194,568 (13,200,000) 124,711,707 12,605,118 12,605,118
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Dividend paid Balance as at 30 June 2020 Brofit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Transaction with owners: Share issued Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest Dividend paid Balance as at 31 December 2020 Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	27	Capital N'000 6,000,000 6,000,000 73,439	Premium N'000 6,320,524 6,320,524 6,320,524	8 N'000 96,258,578 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 107,840,721 107,840,721 18,182,435 18,182,435 (73,439) (421,304) (13,200,000) 112,328,413 12,609,761	owners of parent company N'000 108,579,102 11,582,143 11,582,143 11,582,143 120,161,245 120,161,245 18,182,435 (421,304) (13,200,000) 106,539,9411 12,609,761	controlling interest N'000 (442,638) (1,468) (1,468) (444,106) (444,106) 12,133 12,133 12,133 (10,669) (4,643)	N'000 108,136,464 11,580,675 11,580,675 11,580,675 119,717,139 18,194,568 18,194,568 (13,200,000) 124,711,707 12,605,118

Consolidated and separate statements of cash flows

Consolidated and separate statements of C		GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	Note(s)	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Cash flows for operating activities							
Profit before taxation		18,755,427	45,622,319	17,044,218	19,219,715	46,038,948	17,073,571
Adjustments for non-cash income and expenses:							
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	16	4,518,357	7,699,160	4,608,386	4,231,595	5,198,055	2,561,312
Impairment of financial assets	23.3	-	430,857	-	-	(581,855)	-
Impairment of Investment in Niger	21.1	-	-	-	-	99,000	-
Government grant	21b	-	(81,286)	-	-	(26,881)	-
Provision for gratuity	29	-	121,183	-	-	121,183	-
(Profit)/loss on sale of assets	11	22,006	(7,218)		22,006	(7,218)	-
Fixed asset impaired and written off	16	-	456,694	9,419	-	403,537	9,419
Interest income	8	(504,459)	(684,786)	(308,292)	(504,458)	(684,453)	(308,292)
Deposit for shares		-	-	-	(7,121,766)	-	-
Interest expense	10	-	340,050		-	208,962	-
Exchange loss	31.1	-	421,704	-	-	421,704	-
Fair value	9	431,696	2,417,067	(815,561)	431,696	559,287	-
Changes in working capital							
(Increase)/decrease in Inventory		1,399,494	(24,136,571)	9,454,608	1,279,105	(12,919,985)	8,261,236
Net (additon)/usage of biological assets		(287,537)	23,610	236,556	(287,537)	153,106	-
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		14,417,396	(29,711,821)	(2,293,169)	2,253,269	(35,580,451)	(2,036,537)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(1,326,043)	29,079	(325,373)	(1,327,490)	26,258	(325,456)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		(2,259,628)	1,200,236	1,558,120	(2,259,628)	1,168,537	1,535,973
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		10,390,060	72,375,527	19,519,774	16,227,625	51,552,554	17,200,332
Increase/(Decrease) in employee benefits		-,,	,,-	(8,385)	-, ,-	- , ,	(7,016)
Cash generated from operations	-	45,556,769	76,515,804	48,680,301	32,164,132	56,150,289	43,964,543
Tax paid	12.3	(1,546,529)	(11,084,420)	(2,558,574)	(1,546,529)	(11,084,420)	(2,558,574)
Gratuity paid	29	(18,887)	(132,022)	(2,330,374)	(18,887)	(128,900)	(2,000,014)
Gratuity paid	29	43,991,353	65,299,362	46,121,727	30,598,716	44,936,969	41,405,969
Net cash generated from operating activities	-						
Cash flows from investing activities			,	(,)	<i>(</i>	(
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	16	(19,116,713)	(26,860,082)	(5,825,446)	(5,660,912)	(9,924,506)	(436,097)
Proceeds on disposal of property,plant and equipment		49,802	7,258	-	49,802	7,258	-
Interest received	8	504,459	684,786	308,292	504,458	684,453	308,292
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(18,562,456)	(26,168,037)	(5,517,153)	(5,106,652)	(9,232,794)	(127,805)
Cash flows from financing activities							
Dividends paid	26	(18,220,317)	(13,200,000)	-	(18,220,317)	(13,200,000)	-
Interest paid	28	-	(94,388)	-	-	(37,578)	-
Lease Liabilities paid	31.1	(1,165,343)	(506,516)	55,726	(1,167,885)	(488,234)	(4,043)
Repayment of borrowings	28	(94,923)	(247,374)	(112,000)	(94,923)	(128,671)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(19,480,583)	(14,048,278)	(56,274)	(19,483,125)	(13,854,483)	(4,043)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		5,948,314	20,248,913	40,548,299	6,008,938	20,731,117	41,274,121
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		44,860,441	24,611,528	24,611,528	44,394,521	23,663,403	23,663,403
	-	50,808,755	44,860,441	65,159,827	50,403,459	44,394,521	64,937,524
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	24						

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

1 General information

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc (the Company) was incorporated as a Public Limited Liability company on 4 January 2005, commenced operation on 1 January 2006 and became quoted on the Nigerian Stock Exchange in March 2007. Its current shareholding is 68% by Dangote Industries Limited and 32% by the Nigerian public.

The ultimate controlling party is Greenview International Corporation, Cayman Island

The registered address of the Company is located at GDNL Administrative Building, Terminal E, Shed 20 NPA Apapa Wharf Complex, Apapa, Lagos

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Period ended 30 June 2021 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries - Savannah Sugar Company Limited, Niger Sugar Company Limited, Taraba Sugar Company Limited, Adamawa Sugar Company Limited and Nasarawa Sugar Company Limited.

With effect from 1st September 2020, Dangote Sugar Refinery consummated a scheme of merger with its former subsidiary Savannah Sugar Company Limited. Savannah Sugar Company Limited has so far been dissolved.

In addition, on 26 August 2020, an extraordinary meeting was held by the board of directors to liquidate the affaris of Dangote Niger Sugar Limited. The company has been liquidated effective 26 August 2020.

1.1 The principal activity

The principal activity of the Group is the refining of raw sugar into edible sugar and the selling of refined sugar. The Group's products are sold through distributors across the country.

Going Concern status

The Group has consistently been making profits. The Directors believe that there is no intention or threat from any party to curtail significantly its line of business in the foreseeable future. Thus, these financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Operating environment

Emerging markets such as Nigeria are subject to different risks than more developed markets, including economic, political and social, and legal legislative risks. As has happened in the past, actual or perceived financial problems or an increase in the perceived risks associated with investing in emerging economies could adversely affect the investment climate in Nigeria and the country's economy in general. The global financial system continues to exhibit signs of deep stress and many economies around the world are experiencing lesser or no growth than in prior years. These conditions could slow or disrupt Nigeria's economy, adversely affecting the Group's access to capital and cost of capital for the Group and more generally, its business, result of operation, financial condition and prospects.

1.4 Financial period

These financial statements cover the financial period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2021 with comparatives for the year ended 31 December 2020 and period ended 30 June 2020.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of IASB (together "IFRS") that are effective at 31 December 2018 and requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria and the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) Act 2011 of Nigeria.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for biological assets which is measured at fair value less cost to sell. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Naira unless otherwise stated. The principal accounting policies are set out below:

2.3 Consolidation of subsidiaries

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the Group statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal as appropriate.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment that has been recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 Revenue recognition

a) Accounting policy

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods or services, in the ordinary course of the Group's activities and it is stated net of value added tax (VAT), rebates and returns. A valid contract is recognised as revenue after;

- · The contract is approved by the parties.
- · Rights and obligations are recognised.
- · Collectability is probable.
- · The contract has commercial substance.
- The payment terms and consideration are identifiable.

The probability that a customer would make payment is ascertained based on the evaluation done on the customer as stated in the credit management policy at the inception of the contract. The Group is the principal in all of its revenue arrangement since it is the primary obligor in all of the revenue arrangements, has inventory risk and determines the pricing for the goods and services.

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the control of the goods and service are transferred to the customer. This occurs when the goods are delivered to the customer and customer's acceptance is received or when goods are picked up by the

Revenue from sale of sugar and molasses is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated rebates and returns. Rebates are estimated at the inception of the contract except where the time lag between the recognition of revenue and granting rebates is within one month. Returns on goods are estimated at the inception of the contract except where the timing between when the revenue is recognised and when the returns occur is considered immaterial. In these instances, the returns are accounted for when they occur.

The delivery service provided by the Group is a sales fulfilment activity and the income earned is recognised at the point in time when the goods are delivered to the customer.

Delivery occurs when the goods have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and when the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been

Contract liability is recognised for consideration received for which the performance obligation has not been met.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Revenue recognition (continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contract with customers

The Group recognises revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following product lines. The Group derives revenue from the sale of sugar, molasses and freight services.

	Freight services	Sale of sugar	Sale of molasses	Total
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Revenue from contract with customers	571,364	130,712,723	667,991	131,952,078

2.5 Interest income Recognition

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset's to that assets's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2.6 Pensions and Other post-employment benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution based retirement benefit scheme for its staff, in accordance with the amended Pension Reform Act of 2014 with employee contributing 8% and the employer contributing 10% each of the employee's relevant emoluments. Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense in statement of profit or loss when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contributions.

2.7 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statements of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted.

Current income tax is the expected amount of income tax payable on the taxable profit for the year determined in accordance with the Companies Income Tax Act (CITA) using statutory tax rates of 30% at the reporting sheet date. Education tax is calculated at 2% of the assessable profits in accordance with the Tertiary Education Tax Act.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.7 Taxation (continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax and deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Upon disposal of an associate that results in the Company losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with IAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Company account for all amounts previously recognised in other income in relation to that associate on the assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets and liabilities, the Company reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustments) when it loses significant influence over the associate.

When the company transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's financial statements only to the extent of interest in the associates that are not related to the Company.

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control those policies.

Deferred tax

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net current and deferred tax are recognised in profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax and deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Property, plant and equipment under construction are disclosed as capital work-in-progress. The cost of construction recognised includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and borrowing costs on qualifying assets.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of the equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

ii. Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment which reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term in which case the assets are depreciated over the useful life.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Depreciation method	Average useful life		
Straight line	50 years		
Straight line	15 -50 years		
Straight line	5 years		
Straight line	4 years		
Straight line	4 years		
Straight line	3 years		
Straight line	25 years		
Straight line	5 years		
	Straight line		

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate.

Capital work-in-progress is not depreciated. The attributable cost of each asset is transferred to the relevant asset category immediately the asset is available for use and depreciated accordingly.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.8 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating-unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.10 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised when an employee has rendered services for benefits to be paid in the future, and an expense when the entity consumes the economic benefit arising from the service provided by the employee.

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

Long-term employee benefits (Defined contribution plan)

Employees are members of defined contribution plans. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

The group makes provision for retirement benefits in accordance with the Pension Reform Act 2014. The employees contribute 8% of

2.10 Employee benefits (continued)

Long-term employee benefits (Defined benefit plan)

For defined benefit plans, the Group's contributions were based on the recommendations of independent actuaries and the liability measured using the projected unit credit method, up to the date of cessation of the scheme on 30 September, 2013.

Under the plan, the employees were entitled to retirement benefits which vary according to length of service. Actuarial gains and losses were recognised in the income statement. These gains or losses were recognised over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees participating in the plans.

Past-service costs were recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits became vested. If the benefits vested immediately following the introduction of, or changes to, a defined benefit plan, the past-service cost was recognised immediately.

2.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that:

- i) the group will comply with the conditions attaching to them; and
- ii) the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs that they are intended to compensate. Grants related to income are presented as a credit in the profit or loss (separately).

2.12 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified:
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group has this right when it has the decision-making rights that are most

In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset if either:

- the Group has the right to operate the asset; or

relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

- the Group designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

The Group primarily leases land and building (used as office space, outlets, warehouse and residential use). The lease terms are typically for fixed periods ranging from 2 years to 25 years but may have extension options. On renewal of a lease, the terms may be renegotiated.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group has elected to separate lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions, including extension and termination options. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, however, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Leases in which the Group is a lessee

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leases in which the Group is a Lessor

(i) Operating lease

When assets are subject to an operating lease, the assets continue to be recognised as property and equipment based on the nature of the asset. Lease income is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Lease incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(ii) Finance lease

When assets are held subject to a finance lease, the related asset is derecognised and the present value of the lease payments (discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease) is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method (before tax), which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.13 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of raw materials, packaging materials, engineering spares and consumable stock is determined on a weighted average basis. Cost of finished goods is determined on the basis of standard costs adjusted for variances. Standard costs are periodically reviewed to approximate actual costs.

Goods in transit are valued at the invoice price. Cost of inventory includes purchase cost, conversion cost (materials, abour and overhead) and other costs incurred to bring inventory to its present location and condition. Finished goods, which include direct labour and factory overheads, are valued at standard cost adjusted at year-end on an actual cost basis.

Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory, with the majority being valued on an average cost basis. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation (when the time value of money is material).

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Financial instruments

a) Financial instruments accounting policy

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities; derecognition of financial instruments; impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 also significantly amends other standards dealing with financial instruments such as IFRS 7 Financial Instruments disclosures.

i) Classification and measurement

Financial assets

It is the Company's policy to initially recognise financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss which are expensed in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement is dependent on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cashflow characteristics of the asset. On this basis, the Company may classify its financial instruments at amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The business models applied to assess the classification of the financial assets held by the company are;

- Hold to collect: Financial assets in this category are held by the Company solely to collect contractual cash flows and these cash flows represents solely payments of principal and interest. Assets held under this business model are measured at amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income: Financial assets in this category are held to collect contractual cash flows and sell where there are advantageous opportunities. The cash flows represents solely payment of principal and interest. These financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- Fair value through profit or loss: This category is the residual category for financial assets that do not meet the criteria described above. Financial assets in this category are managed in order to realise the asset's fair value.

The financial assets of Dangote Sugar are held to collect contractual cashflows that are solely payments of principal (for non-interest bearing financial assets) or solely payments of principal and interest ((for interest bearing financial assets)

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.15 Financial instruments (continued)

The Company's financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date. Interest income from these assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in finance income/cost.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are classified and measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently at amortised cost net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and interest bearing loans and borrowings.

Impairment of financial assets

Recognition of impairment provisions under IFRS 9 is based on the expected credit loss (ECL) model. The ECL model is applicable to financial assets measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The measurement of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes, time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date, about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The simplified approach is applied for trade receivables while the general approach is applied to staff loans, amounts due from related parties that are not trade related, balances with banks.

The simplified approach requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised on initial recognition of the receivables. This involves determining the expected loss rates using a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical default rates observed over the expected life of the receivable and adjusted for forward-looking estimates. This is then applied to the gross carrying amount of the receivable to arrive at the loss allowance for the period.

The three-stage approach assesses impairment based on changes in credit risk since initial recognition using the past due criterion and other qualitative indicators such as increase in political concerns or other macroeconomic factors and the risk of legal action, sanction or other regulatory penalties that may impair future financial performance. Financial assets classified as stage 1 have their ECL measured as a proportion of their lifetime ECL that results from possible default events that can occur within one year, while assets in stage 2 or 3 have their ECL measured on a lifetime basis.

Under the three-stage approach, the ECL is determined by projecting the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and exposure at default (EAD) for each ageing bucket and for each individual exposure. The PD is based on default rates determined by external rating agencies for the counterparties. The LGD is determined based on management's estimate of expected cash recoveries after considering the historical pattern of the receivable, and assessing the portion of the outstanding receivable that is deemed to be irrecoverable at the reporting period. The EAD is the total amount outstanding at the reporting period. These three components are multiplied together and adjusted for forward looking information, such as the gross domestic product (GDP) in Nigeria, inflation and exchange rate, to arrive at an ECL which is then discounted back to the reporting date and summed. The discount rate used in the ECL calculation is the original effective interest rate or an approximation thereof.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the related financial assets and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Significant increase in credit risk and default definition

The Company assesses the credit risk of its financial assets based on the information obtained during periodic review of publicly available information, industry trends and payment records. Based on the analysis of the information provided, the Company identifies the assets that require close monitoring.

Furthermore, financial assets that have been identified to be more than 30 days past due on contractual payments are assessed to have experienced significant increase in credit risk. These assets are grouped as part of Stage 2 financial assets where the three-stage approach is applied.

In line with the Company's credit risk management practices, a financial asset is defined to be in default when contractual payments have not been received at least 90 days after the contractual payment period. Subsequent to default, the Company carries out active recovery strategies to recover all outstanding payments due on receivables. Where the Company determines that there are no realistic prospects of recovery, the financial asset and any related loss allowance is written off either partially or in full.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.15 Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. Gains or losses on derecognition of financial assets are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when it is extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right is not contingent on future events and is enforceable in the normal course of business, and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.16 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held, if any. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

2.17 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated and separate financial statements of each of the Group entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency).

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Naira which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions and translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities in a foreign currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the transaction date and are not restated.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates prevailing at the dates the fair value was determined and are not restated.

2.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.19 Segment information

An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity);
- where operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance;
- for which discrete information is available. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the Managing Director of Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc

2.20 Biological assets

A biological asset is defined as a living animal or plant while biological transformation comprises the processes of growth, degeneration, production and procreation that cause qualitative or quantitative changes in biological asset.

Recognition of assets

The Group recognises biological assets or agricultural produce when, and only when, all of the following conditions are met:

- the Group controls the asset as a result of past events;
- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group; and
- the fair value or cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Biological asset consists of growing cane which are yet to be harvested as at year end, and these are measured at fair value less cost to sell.

The basis of fair value determination of growing canes have been included in Note 18.

2.21 Business combination under common control

Business combinations under common control occur when combining entities/businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party(ies) both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory.

The Group applies the "predecessor method" of accounting for business combinations under common control because such transactions are outside the scope of the reporting standard on Business Combinations (IFRS 3). The assets and the liabilities of the acquiree are recorded at the predecessor carrying values from the financial statements of the highest entity that has common control for which financial statements are prepared. Therefore, no goodwill is recorded in the consolidated financial statements of the acquirer.

Any difference arising between the acquirer's cost of investment and the acquiree's net assets is recorded directly in equity. Any non-controlling interest is measured as a proportionate share of the book values of the related assets and liabilities. Comparative amounts are not restated but the transaction is accounted for prospectively, i.e., from the effective date of the transaction (transfer of control). Any expenses incurred as a result of the combination are written off immediately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3 Critical judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

i) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default, expected loss rates and maximum contractual period. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in note 32.

Sensitivity of estimates used in IFRS 9 ECL

Estimation uncertainty in measuring impairment loss

In establishing sensitivity to ECL estimates for trade receivables and related parties receivables, two variables (GDP growth rate and Inflation rate) were considered. The Company's receivables portfolio reflects greater responsiveness to both variables considered.

ii) Fair values of biological assets

The directors have developed a model using the multi-period excess earnings method (MPEEM) under the income approach for the valuation of sugar cane. In order to generate a stream of cash flows to be used in this model, the directors calculate tonnage using information on hectares of farmland planted, the age of growing cane per hectare and the yield rate per hectare.

The cane price is then applied on the tonnage and discounted to arrive at the fair value of the sugar cane. The cane price is based on the industry out-grower price.

The directors exercise significant judgement in determining the yield rate per hectare, the discount rate, cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses, administrative expenses and contributory assets charges.

4 New Standards and Interpretations

i) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2021 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the group. These standards are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

5	Revenue	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Revenue from the sale of sugar - 50kg	128,367,119	206,444,363	98,331,512	128,367,119	198,824,291	90,747,662
	Revenue from the sale of sugar - Retail	2,345,604	5,786,447	3,877,858	2,345,604	5,786,447	3,877,858
	Revenue from the sale of molasses	667,991	826,749	390,073	667,991	509,730	211,401
	Freight income	571,364	1,240,188	634,328	571,364	1,240,188	634,328
		131,952,078	214,297,747	103,233,771	131,952,078	206,360,656	95,471,249

5.1 Segment information

Segment information is presented in respect of the group's reportable segments. For management purpose, the Group is organised into business units by geographical areas in which the group operates and the locations that comprise such regions represent operating segments.

The Group has 4 reportable segments based on location of the principal operations as follows: Northern Nigeria, Western Nigeria, Eastern Nigeria and Lagos.

Segmental revenue and results

Revenue from external customers by region of operations is listed below.

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Nigeria:						
Lagos	60,568,194	104,983,951	50,164,871	60,568,194	104,983,951	50,164,871
North	52,419,950	79,110,458	38,536,012	52,419,950	71,173,367	30,773,490
West	13,364,148	20,365,318	9,646,678	13,364,148	20,365,318	9,646,678
East	5,599,786	9,838,020	4,886,210	5,599,786	9,838,020	4,886,210
	131,952,078	214,297,747	103,233,771	131,952,078	206,360,656	95,471,249
	Segment R	evenue	Segment Cos	t of Sales	Segment Gro	ss Profit
Group	30/6/2021 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Nigeria:						
Lagos	60,568,194	50,164,871	(44,670,038)	(40,121,809)	15,898,157	10,043,062
North	52,419,950	38,536,012	(42,512,270)	(30,665,183)	9,907,680	7,870,829
West	13,364,148	9,646,678	(10,174,442)	(7,715,402)	3,189,706	1,931,276
East	5,599,786	4,886,210	(4,439,710)	(3,907,987)	1,160,076	978,223
	131,952,078	103,233,771	(101,796,460)	(82,410,381)	30,155,618	20,823,390
	Segment R	evenue	Segment Cos	t of Sales	Segment Gro	ss Profit
Company	30/6/2021 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Nigeria:	11 000	14 000	11 000	14 000	14 000	14 000
Lagos	60,568,194	50,164,871	(47,444,251)	(39,390,430)	13,123,943	10,774,441
North	52,419,950	30,773,490	(41,061,572)	(24,163,942)	11,358,378	6,609,548
West	13,364,148	9,646,678	(10,468,398)	(7,574,759)	2,895,749	2,071,919
East	5,599,786	4,886,210	(4,386,422)	(3,836,747)	1,213,364	1,049,463
	131,952,078	95,471,249	(103,360,643)	(74,965,878)	28,591,435	20,505,371

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

5.1 Segment information (Continued)

5.1.1 Segment assets and liabilities

The amount provided to the chief operating decision maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the of the segment and the physical location of the asset.

Investments in shares held by the Group and deferred tax assets are not considered to be segment assets and are not allocated to segments.

Capital expenditure reflects additionals to non-current assets, other than financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post employment benefit assets and rights arising under insurance contracts.

The amounts provided to the chief operating decision maker with respect to the total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. These liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment.

The Group's interest-bearing liabilities are not considered to be segment liabilities but rather are managed by the Group's treasury function.

The table below provides information on the segment assets and liabilities as well as a reconciliation to total assets and liabilities as per the balance as at 30 June 2021;

	Tota	al Segment Assets	5	Total	Segment liabiliti	es
	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Group						
Nigeria:						
Lagos	203,969,909	212,561,967	153,293,925	68,414,874	76,041,063	36,091,922
North	79,902,339	65,470,422	65,470,422	87,457,065	68,375,817	68,375,817
Sub-total	283,872,248	278,032,389	218,764,347	155,871,939	144,416,880	104,467,739
Unallocated deferred tax	-		10,440,450	8,903,802	8,903,802	5,019,915
Total	283,872,248	278,032,389	229,204,797	164,775,741	153,320,682	109,487,654
	Tota	al Segment Assets	3	Total	Segment liabiliti	es
	Tota 30/6/2021 N'000	al Segment Assets 31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	Total 30/6/2021 N'000	Segment liabiliti 31/12/2020 N'000	es 30/6/2020 N'000
Company Nigeria:	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020
• •	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020
Nigeria:	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Nigeria: Lagos	30/6/2021 N'000 198,786,416	31/12/2020 N'000 185,184,851	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000 67,305,350	31/12/2020 N'000 50,015,268	30/6/2020 N'000
Nigeria: Lagos North	30/6/2021 N'000 198,786,416 72,633,298	31/12/2020 N'000 185,184,851 74,095,693	30/6/2020 N'000 220,928,918	30/6/2021 N'000 67,305,350 83,962,374	31/12/2020 N'000 50,015,268 · 83,962,374	30/6/2020 N'000 96,656,481

Included in the Lagos segment is asset held for sale of N868.6 million (2020: N868.6 million).

Information about major customers

There are two customers who buy industrial non- fortified sugar that represents more than 10% of total sales during the period. The customers are Nigerian Bottling Company Limited and Seven Up Bottling Company Limited operating from Lagos.

Large Corporate/Industrial Users

These are leading blue chip companies in Nigeria, and they include manufacturers of confectioneries and soft drinks. This group typically accounts for 35% of the Group's sales. They buy Non-Fortified sugar exclusively.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

5.1 Segment information (Continued)

Distributors

The Group sells unfortified sugar mainly to pharmaceutical, food and beverage manufacturers, while Vitamin A-fortified sugar is sold to distributors who sell to small wholesalers, confectioners and other smaller value-adding enterprises who provide the distribution network to the Nigerian retail market. The Group sells a small amount of sugar directly to retail customers. Retail packaging comes in various sizes of 250g, 500g, and 1kg under the brand name "Dangote Sugar". Sales to distributors account for 65% of the Group's revenue.

The Group provides a delivery service to customers by transporting refined sugar to other destinations. Freight income represents revenue earned in this respect during the year. The associated cost of providing this service is included in Cost of sales.

6	Cost of sales	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Raw material	83,772,195	122,901,500	61,577,026	83,772,195	120,561,577	59,805,477
	Direct labour cost	2,578,999	5,135,066	2,682,856	2,578,999	3,919,197	1,672,081
	Direct overheads	9,756,115	19,356,255	9,811,470	9,756,115	17,995,188	8,546,247
	Depreciation (note 16)	2,543,709	5,163,623	4,684,000	2,543,709	2,994,530	1,532,173
	Freight expenses	4,709,625	7,994,855	3,655,028	4,709,625	7,683,032	3,409,900
	_	103,360,643	160,551,299	82,410,381	103,360,643	153,153,524	74,965,878
	Included in freight expenses is the depeciation	n charge on the compa	ny's fleet of trucks .	The amount so inc	luded is as stated l	below:	
	Depreciation charge on trucks (note 16)	1,332,588	2,040,353.16	1,363,664	1,332,588	1,886,252.62	1,363,664
7	Administrative expenses						
'	Management fees	427,115	962,324	423,412	427,115	962,324	423,412
	Assessment rates and municipal charges	28,350	22,661	9,942	28,350	18,235	7,472
	Auditors Fees and remuneration	40,526	68,026	38,321	37,462	54,221	27,471
	Cleaning and fumigation	50,678	74,946	38,802	50,678	74,888	38,772
	Legal, consulting and professional fees	128,343	393,500	111,822	128,343	372,300	93,264
	Doubtful debts	21,686	-	-	21,686	-	-
	Consumables	3,792	3,608	1,693	3,792	723	176
	Depreciation (note 16)	492,411	495,183	252,527	205,651	317,273	140,221
	Impairment (note 16)	9,000	471,115		9,000	417,958	,
	Loss on sale of assets	22,006	-		22,006	-	_
	Donations and scholarship	545,493	910,640	31,901	545,493	845,821	504
	Employee costs (note 36)	1,745,414	3,186,538	1.512.146	1,745,414	2,451,171	945,446
	Entertainment	463.00	164,708	72,891	463	164,034	72,374
	Insurance	201,898	276,817	116,896	201,898	190,717	54,612
	Bank charges	90,388	192,291	87,251	86,447	164,155	70.670
	Rental expenses	-	5,650		-	5,650	
	Magazines, books, print and and		-,			-,	
	periodicals	15,396	31,554	16,143	15,396	24,956	11,122
	Utilities	84,560	150,137	72,660	84,560	56,914	2,847
	Petrol and oil	25,187	34,512	12,326	25,187	18,994	603
	Repairs and maintenance	63,331	146,686	74,293	63,331	140,669	27,006
	Secretarial fees	36,554	175,835	48,221	36,554	175,835	48,221
	Security expense	167,582	242,954	128,196	167,582	159,706	61,321
	Staff welfare	272,684	193,401	119,634	272,684	166,892	97,545
	Subscriptions	5,760	21,435	5,860	5,760	19,550	4,307
	Telephone and fax	102,730	185,307	98,749	102,730	146,029	67,641
	Training	15,822	41,341	8,116	15,822	38,567	6,142
	Travel-local	315,794	526,975	206,097	315,794	501,807	187,120
	Travel-overseas	37,318	32,425	13,045	37,318	28,251	8,297
	_	4,950,281	9,010,569	3,500,946	4,656,516	7,517,640	2,396,567
	Selling and Distribution expenses	288,759	676,938	333,987	288,759	667,056	326,004
	Selling and marketing expenses	288,759 0	676,938	333,987	288,759	667,056	326,004
	-	200,139 0	070,330	333,301	200,139	000,100	320,004

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

	Investment in a me	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
8	Investment income Interest income on bank deposits	504,459	684,786	308,292	504,458	684,453	308,292
		504,459	684,786	308,292	504,458	684,453	308,292
	Interest is earned on bank deposits at an average rate of 2	.4 % p.a. on shor	t term (30days) bank	deposits.			
9	Change in fair value of biological assets						
	Fair value gain/(loss) on biological assets (Note 18)	(431,696)	2,417,067	815,561	(431,696)	559,287	
		(431,696)	2,417,067	815,561	(431,696)	559,287	
10	Net finance expense						
	Exchange loss in the ordinary course of business Finance cost on Letter of Credit	2,791,445 1,862,077	1,575,498	1,313,940	2,623,650 1,862,077	1,316,420	1,314,538
	Interest on lease payments (IFRS 16)	73,786	164,376	87,650	71,058	157,297	87,650
	Interest on bank loan	71,328	175,674	76,179	71,328	51,665	-
		4,798,637	1,915,548	1,477,769	4,628,113	1,525,382	1,402,188
11	Other income						
	Insurance claim income	5,634	9,419	-	5,634	8,432	-
	Sale of scrap	32,344	396,884	15,331	32,344	360,646	3,605
	Grant income	37,481	81,286	-	37,481	26,881	-
	Rental income	51,170	67,500	47,034	51,170	67,500	33,750
	Provision no longer required	679	344,271	344,271	679	344,271	344,271
	Profit/(loss)on sale of asset Miscellaneous income	4.500	7,218	- 0.044	4 500	7,218	- 0.044
	Miscellaneous income	1,598 128,906	351 906,929	3,041 409.677	1,598 128,906	351 815,299	3,041 384,667
				,	1=0,000		
12 12.1	Taxation Major components of the tax expense						
	Current Tax						
	Income tax based on profit for the year	5,765,915	515,812	5,122,072	5,765,915	515,812	5,122,072
	Education tax expense	384,394	1,006,928	341,471	384,394	975,396	341,471
	B. ()	6,150,309	1,522,740	5,463,543	6,150,309	1,491,208	5,463,544
	Deferred tax		44 224 222			10 177 001	
	Deferred tax expense/(credit)	6,150,309	14,324,336 15,847,076	5,463,543	6,150,309	13,177,081 14.668.289	5,463,544
		0,130,309	13,047,076	3,403,343	0,130,309	14,000,289	5,465,544

The tax rates used in the above comparative figures are the corporate tax rate of 30% payable by corporate entities in Nigeria. Education tax rate is also payable at 2% of assessable profit.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
2.2 Reconciliation of the tax expense						
Reconciliation between accounting profit and tax expen	se					
Accounting profit before tax	18,755,427	45,622,319	17,044,218	19,219,715	46,038,947	17,073,571
Income tax expense calculated at 30%	5,765,915	13,811,685	5,122,072	5,765,915	13,811,684	5,122,072
Education tax expense calculated at 2%	384,394	975,396	341,471	384,394	975,396	341,471
Impact from acquisition	-	1,178,786	-	-	· <u>-</u>	-
Defered tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	-	(889,498)	-	-	(889,498)	-
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	-	261,280	-	-	261,280	-
Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances)	-	(23,800)	-	-	(23,800)	-
Effect of tax adjustments (minimum tax)	-	515,813	-	-	515,813	-
Difference in tax rate	-	17,414	-	-	17,414	-
DT not required	-	-	-	-	· <u>-</u>	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	6,150,309	15,847,076	5,463,543	6,150,309	14,668,289	5,463,544
2.3 Current tax liabilities						
	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
At January 1	1,554,840	11,116,521	11,116,521	1,554,841	11,084,421	11,084,421
Acquired during the period	-	-	-	-	63,633	-
Charge for the year	6,150,309	1,522,740	5,463,543	6,150,309	1,491,208	5,463,544
Payment made during the period	(1,546,529)	(11,084,421)	(2,558,574)	(1,546,529)	(11,084,421)	(2,558,574)
Balance end of the period	6,158,620	1,554,840	14,021,490	6,158,621	1,554,841	13,989,391

13 Deferred tax balances

Deferred income taxes are calculated on all temporary differences under the liability method using an effective tax rate of 30% (2020: 30%). The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liability relate to income tax in the same jurisdiction and the law allows net settlement.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Deferred tax assets						
Deferred tax assets are attributable to the following:						
Property plant and equipment @ 30%	-	-	2,123,113	-	-	-
Provisions	-	-	781,102	-	-	-
Unrelieved losses @ 30%	-	-	7,536,235	-	-	-
		-	10,440,450	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities						
Deferred tax liabilities are attributable to the following:						
Property plant and equipment @ 30%	(9,665,999)	(9,665,999)	(5,893,476)	(9,665,999)	(9,665,999)	(5,893,270)
Property plant and equipment @ 10%	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)
Exchange difference @ 32%	-	-	-	-	-	(205)
Provisions	884,076	884,076	995,439	884,076	884,076	995,438
	(8,903,802)	(8,903,802)	(5,019,915)	(8,903,802)	(8,903,802)	(5,019,915)

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

13 Deferred tax balances (Continued)
Deferred income tax charged in profit or loss ("P/L) are attributable to the following items:

13.1	Deferred tax reconciliation			Opening balance N'000	Acquired	Credit to P/L	Closing balance N'000
	Group as at 30 June 2021						
	Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:						
	Property, plant and equipment @ 30%			(9,665,999)	-	-	(9,665,999)
	Property, plant and equipment @ 10%			(121,878)	-	-	(121,878)
	Loss			-	-	-	-
	Provisions	_	_	884,076	-		884,076
		=	=	(8,903,802)	-		(8,903,802)
	Company as at 30 June 2021 Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:						
	Property, plant and equipment @ 30%			(9,665,999)	_	_	(9,665,999)
	Property, plant and equipment @ 10%			(121,878)	-	_	(121,878)
	Loss			-	-	-	-
	Provisions			884,076	-	-	884,076
		=	=	(8,903,802)	-		(8,903,802)
14	Operating profit						
	Profit for the year is arrived at after charging/(crediting):						
		GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
		30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 16)	4,081,947	7,699,160	1,900,920	4,081,947	5,198,055	1,252,798
	(Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (note 11)	•	(7,218)	-	-	(7,218)	-
	Defined contribution plans (note 36)	194,204	254,532	16,713	194,203	302,270	15,579
	Auditors remuneration	40,526	68,026	18,750	37,462	54,221	12,500

15 Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing profit or loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the

The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of earnings per share are as follows:

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Profit for the year	12,609,761	29,764,578	11,582,143	13,069,406	31,370,658	11,610,027
Earnings used in the calculation of basic earnings per share from continuing operations	12,609,761	29,764,578	11,582,143	13,069,406	31,370,658	11,610,027
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	12,146,878	12,146,878	12,000,000	12,146,878	12,146,878	12,000,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (Naira)	1.04	2.45	0.97	1.08	2.58	0.97

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

16. Property, Plant and Equipm Group	Bearer Plant	Land	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Aircraft	Tools & Equipment	Capital Work In	Total
COST:	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	Progress N'000	N'000
Balance, 1/1/2020	5,606,590	5,663,744	20,071,720	31,972,272	383,096	22,671,460	267,604	899,828	7,631,637	26,777,211	- 121,945,161
Additions during the year	2,034,627	-	344,372	5,269,017	21,310	3,079,899	26,378	-	1,485,966	14,630,423	26,891,992
Reclassifications	-	-	3,229	665,370	894	-	-	-	(263,977)	(405,516)	-
Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(62,576)	(408,538)	(471,115)
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	(47,482)	-	-	-	- -	(47,482)
Balance, 31/12/2020	7,641,217	5,663,744	20,419,321	37,906,658	405,300	25,703,878	293,982	899,828	8,791,048	40,593,579	148,318,558
Addition-BIP		_	11,126	-	-	352,405	4,276.25		24,253.55	13,063,740	13,455,801
Additions during the year	742,678	_	13,636	81,705	8,064	747,378	16,194	_	72,930	3,978,326	5,660,912
Reclassifications	· -	-	, <u>-</u>	238,729	´ -	· -	· -	-	· -	(238,729)	-
Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	(9,000)	-	-	-	-	(9,000)
Disposal	-	-	-	(116,803)	(61,144)	(487,911)	(5)	-	(14,116)	-	(679,979)
Balance, 30/6/2021	8,383,896	5,663,744	20,444,083	38,110,290	352,220	26,306,751	314,447	899,828	8,874,115	57,396,917	166,746,292
Balance, 1/1/2020	2,756,922	32,220.00	3,386,885	15,053,558	276,962	11,607,590	217,351	218,917	5,397,326	-	38,947,734
Charge for the year	1,976,814	34,025	868,252	2,161,567	20,137	1,366,403	30,618	35,993	1,205,349	-	7,699,160
Impaired	-	-	-	54	-	6,837	1,470	-	(22,783)	-	(14,421)
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	(47,443)	-	-	-	-	(47,443)
Balance, 31/12/2020	4,733,737	66,245	4,255,137	17,215,180	297,100	12,933,388	249,439	254,910	6,579,892	-	46,585,030
Charge-BIP	-	-	29,442	77,814	26	159,648	1,406	-	18,424	-	286,761
Charge for the year	776,521	-	447,599	684,211	69,641	1,754,914	15,087	17,997	315,977	-	4,081,947
Impaired	94,780	-	-	-	-	45,868	-	-	-	-	140,649
Disposal	-	-	-	(116,803)	(61,143)	(416,367)	(5)	-	(13,852)	-	(608,171)
Balance, 30/6/2021	5,605,038	66,245	4,732,179	17,860,402	305,623	14,477,450	265,928	272,907	6,900,441	-	50,486,216
NET BOOK VALUE:											
Balance, 31/12/2020	2,907,481	5,597,499	16,164,184	20,691,478	108,200	12,770,490	44,542	644,918	2,211,156	40,593,579	101,733,528
Balance, 30/6/2021	2,778,858	5,597,499	15,711,904	20,249,888	46,597	11,829,300	48,519	626,921	1,973,674	57,396,917	116,260,077

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc
Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

16. Property, Plant and Equipment

Company	Bearer Plant	Land	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Aircraft	Tools & Equipment	Capital Work In Progress	Total
COST:	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Balance, 1/1/2020		683,242	10,880,537	23,707,736	178,033	13,419,915	215,015	899,828	4,111,198	5,436,897	59,532,401
Additions during the year	874,564	-	66,364	139,985	17,848	2,747,174	22,830	-	233,321	5,831,754	9,933,841
Reclassifications Impaired	-	-	3,229	665,370	894	-	-	-	(263,977)	(405,516)	- (417,957)
Disposal		-	_	_	-	(47,482)	-	-	(9,419)	(408,538)	(417,957) (47,482)
Addition through merger, at cost						(47,402)					(47,402)
(notes 16b and 43)	6,766,653	4,375,749	6,089,793	11,235,244	208,733	8,372,698	47,867	-	2,918,835	13,853,811	53,869,384
Balance, 31/12/2020	7,641,217	5,058,991	17,039,923	35,748,335	405,508	24,492,305	285,711	899,828	6,989,958	24,308,408	122,870,187
Additions during the year	742,678	-	13,636	81,705	8,064	747,378	16,194	-	72,930	3,978,326	5,660,912
Reclassifications	-	-	-	238,729	-	-	-	-	-	(238,729)	-
Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	(9,000)	-	-	-	-	(9,000)
Disposal	8.383.896	5,058,991	17,053,560	(116,803) 35,951,966	(61,144) 352,429	(487,911) 24,742,773	(5) 301,900	899.828	(14,116) 7,048,772	28,048,004	(679,979) 127,842,120
Balance, 30/6/2021	0,303,030	3,030,331	17,000,000	33,331,300	332,723	24,142,113	301,300	033,020	1,040,112	20,040,004	127,042,120
DEPRECIATION:											
Balance, 1/1/2020	-	32,220	2,202,847	12,968,030	118,580	9,020,104	174,376	218,917	2,090,393	-	26,825,467
Charge for the year	465,686.28	34,025	786,402	1,667,576	31,669	1,223,658	26,247	35,993	926,799	-	5,198,055
Impaired	-	-	-	54	-	6,837	1,470	-	(22,783)	-	(14,421)
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	(47,443)	-	-	-	-	(47,443)
Addition through merger(notes 16b and 43)	4,268,050	-	1,019,384	3,941,241	169,729	3,516,809	43,945	-	1,251,314	-	14,210,471
Balance, 31/12/2020	4,733,737	66,245	4,008,633	18,576,900	319,978	13,719,965	246,038	254,910	4,245,722	-	46,172,130
Charge for the year	776,521	-	447,599	684,211	69,641	1,754,914	15,087	17,997	315,977	-	4,081,947
Impaired	94,780	-	-	-	-	45,868	-	-	-	-	140,648
Disposal			<u> </u>	(116,803)	(61,143)	(416,367)	(5)		(13,852)	-	(608,171)
Balance, 30/6/2021	5,605,038	66,245	4,456,232	19,144,308	328,476	15,104,380	261,121	272,907	4,547,847	-	49,786,554
NET BOOK VALUE:											
Balance, 31/12/2020	2,907,481	4,992,749	13,031,291	17,171,434	85,530	10,772,340	39,673	644,918	2,744,236	24,308,408	76,698,057
Balance, 30/6/2021	2,778,858	4,992,747	12,597,328	16,807,658	23,953	9,638,393	40,780	626,921	2,500,925	28,048,004	78,055,566
——————————————————————————————————————	·										

1

1

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

		GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
17	Intangible assets						
	Computer software :						
	Cost						
	At 1 January	379,590	379,590	379,590	379,590	379,590	289,390
	At 30 June	379,590	379,590	379,590	379,590	379,590	289,390
	Amortisation						
	At 1 January	379,590	379590	379,266	289,390	289,390	289,066
	Acquired during the period	-	-	-	90,200	90,200	-
	Charge for the period	-	-	324	-	, <u>-</u>	324
	At 30 June	379,590	379,590	379,590	379,590	379,590	289,390
	Carrying amount at the end of the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Biological assets						
	Carrying value at the beginning of the year	4,462,449	2,068,992	2,068,992	4,462,449	-	-
	Acquired during the year (note 43)	-	-	-	-	4,056,268	-
	Net (usage)/addtion	287,537	(23,610)	(236,556)	287,537	(153,106)	-
	Fair value adjustments	(431,696)	2,417,067	815,561	(431,696)	559,287	-
	Carrying amount at the end of the period	4,318,290	4,462,449	2,647,996	4,318,290	4,462,449	-
	Current	4,318,290	4,462,449	2,647,996	4,318,290	4,462,449	_
		4,318,290	4,462,449	2,647,996	4,318,290	4,462,449	-

Description of biological assets and activities

Biological assets comprise of growing cane. The growing cane represents biological assets which are expected to be harvested as agricultural produce, intended for production of sugar. The biological assets have been measured at fair value less cost to sell. As at 31 June 2021, the group has a total of 7,333.7 hectares of growing canes

Basis for measurement of fair value

The Group adopted the multi-period excess earnings method (MPEEM) under the income approach to estimating the fair value of the Biological Assets. The MPEEM estimates the fair value of an asset based on the cash flows attributable to the asset after deducting the cash flows attributable to other assets (contributory assets). This approach is commonly used for sugarcane considering that land, plant and machinery and the bearer plant are accounted as PPE in line with IAS 16 and considered as contributory assets for the purpose of MPEEM valuation.

The fair value of biological assets are determined based on unobservable inputs, using the best information available in the circumstances and therefore falls within the level 3 fair value category. Growing cane were valued using the income approach.

Key assumptions and inputs	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020	
Industry out-grower price. (N per ton)	11,135	10,842	9,408	11,135	10,842	-	
Average yield per hectare (tonnes)	86.38	86.2	82.5	86.38	86.2	-	
Discount rate (%)	11.66%	11.66%	12%	11.66%	11.66%	-	

Changes in fair value of the biological asset are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Sensitivity to changes in key assumptions and inputs

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the key assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the biological assets valuation by the amount shown below.

		N'000
Discount rate	12.66% 10.66%	(8,067) 8,192
Industry out-grower price	N11,842 N9,842	453,373 (453,246)

The Company currently does not have biological assets with restricted titles.

Financial risk management strategies for biological assets

The group is exposed to risks arising from environmental and climatic changes, commodity prices and financing risks. The group has strong environmental policies and procedures in place to comply with environmental and other laws.

The group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in the price and sales volume of sugar. The group closely monitors the market demand for sugar and makes relevant adjustments to price and production volumes.

		GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
19	Other assets						
	Prepaid rent	-	-	3,810	-	-	-
	Prepaid insurance	100,507	17,919	9,545	100,507	17,305	9,545
	Prepaid housing allowances	469,284	19,122	364,458	469,284	19,122	364,458
	Prepaid medicals	48,193	-	-	48,193	-	-
	Others	754,747	9,648	23,328.29	754,122	8,190	22,328.29
		1,372,732	46,689	401,141	1,372,107	44,617	396,331
	Current Non-current portion	1,372,732	46,689	401,141 -	1,372,107	44,617	396,331
		1,372,732	46,689	401,141	1,372,107	44,617	396,331
20	Asset held for sale	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642

This represents land held for sale.

21 Investment in subsidiaries

The following table lists the entities which are controlled by the Group, either directly or indirectly through subsidiaries.

Company			Carrying amount	
Name of Company	Held by	% interest	June 2021	June 2020
			N'000	N'000
Savannah Sugar Company Limited	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	93	-	3,214,923
Dangote Taraba Sugar Ltd	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	99	99,000	99,000
Dangote Adamawa Sugar Ltd	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	99	99,000	99,000
Dangote Niger Sugar Limited	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	99	-	99,000
Nassarawa Sugar Company Limited	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	99	99,000	99,000
			297,000	3,610,923

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

21.1 Impairment of investment in subsidiary

	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020
	N'000	N'000	N'000
Write-off of investment in Dangote Niger Sugar Limited		(99,000)	

The completion of the scheme of merger between Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc (DSR) and Savannah Sugar Company Limited (SSCL) resulted in the cancellation of entire issued share capital of SSCL and the company dissolved without being wound up. In consideration, 146,878,241 ordinary shares of N0.50 each in the share capital of DSR were issued to the shareholders of SSCL except for DSR (the "Scheme Shareholders") for the 162,756,968 ordinary shares held in SSCL by the Scheme Shareholders. Effective September 1, 2020, all assets, liabilities and business undertakings, including real property and intellectual property rights of SSCL have been transferred to DSR and the financial result for "the Company" represents that of the merged entity.

DSR also owns 99% shareholding in Dangote Taraba Sugar Ltd, Dangote Adamawa Sugar Ltd and Nassarawa Sugar Company Limited. Dangote Niger Sugar Limited, one of its subsidiaries filed for liquidation during the year. Therefore, the investment in the company has been deemed impaired as there were no assets against which to realise the investment.

There are no significant restrictions on the use of the subsidiary assets.

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc provides financial support to Dangote Taraba Sugar Ltd, Dangote Adamawa Sugar Ltd and Nassarawa Sugar Company Limited in terms of payment of salaries and wages, purchase of assets and settlement of liabilities.

21b Deposit for shares

The Board of Directors of Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc (DSR) resolved that the total funding of its Backward Integrated Project entities (Dangote Taraba Sugar Ltd, Dangote Adamawa Sugar Ltd and Nassarawa Sugar Company Limited) shall be converted to deposit for shares or equity contribution in the books of both DSR and the respective entities and same shall thereafter be converted to equity in future.

	Total funding to date				30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
	Deposit for shares in Nasarawa, Adamawa and Taraba				48,696,503	41,574,737	-
				- -	48,696,503	41,574,737	-
22	Inventories	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000	
	Raw materials	4,170,895	6,932,228	9,982,305	4,170,895	6,932,228	9,982,305
	Raw material in transit	8,785,927	20,974,812	-	8,785,927	20,974,812	-
	Work-in-process	1,197,732	640,548	570,181	1,197,732	640,548	570,179
	Finished goods	11,821,410	4,621,124	2,024,677	11,821,410	4,621,124	1,973,755
	Finished goods in transit	307,163	887,824	309,241	307,163	887,824	309,162
	Production supplies	32,192,648	26,880,685	13,530,363	20,883,977	15,451,639	7,117,954
	Chemicals and consumables	3,165,785	2,068,167	2,813,276	3,163,171	2,065,540	1,858,244
	Packaging materials	303,323	338,988	179,083	303,323	338,988	121,194
		61,944,882	63,344,376	29,409,125	50,633,598	51,912,703	21,932,792
	Allowance for obsolete inventory	(344,076)	(344,076)	-	(344,076)	(344,076)	-
		61,600,806	63,000,300	29,409,125	50,289,522	51,568,627	21,932,792
	Movement in provision for obsolete inventory						
	As at 1 January	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Charge for the period	(344,076)	(344,076)	-	(344,076)	(344,076)	-
	As at 30 June	(344,076)	(344,076)	-	(344,076)	(344,076)	
	Amount of inventory charged as expense in the period:	(344,076)	(344,076)	-	(344,076)	(344,076)	

No inventory was pledged as security for any liability.

23

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

3	Trade and other receivables	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Trade receivables	6,314,613	6,936,006	4,181,841	6,314,613	6,936,006	4,181,841
	Allowance for doubtful debts and impairments	(260,729)	(260,729)	(718,117)	(260,729)	(260,729)	(718,117)
	-	6,053,885	6,675,277	3,463,724	6,053,884	6,675,277	3,463,724
	Staff loans and advances	148,167	124,836	147,721	111,661	108,422	91,453
	Other financial assets	18,219,472	14,229,547	6,755,122	18,051,114	14,229,547	6,755,122
	Advance payment to contractors	17,123,682	30,100,784	13,104,329	5,839,074	6,453,907	757,490
	Insurance claim receivable	373,388	373,388	361,998	373,388	373,388	361,998
	Allowance for impaired Insurance claim	(236,239)	(236,239)	-	(236, 239)	(236,239)	-
	Negotiable Duty Credit Certificates (Note 23.1)	707,085	805,683	805,683	707,085	805,683	805,683
	Other receivables	1,432,207	1,256,586	4,628,662	1,397,358	1,256,586	1,418,215
	Allowance for impaired other receivables	(77,278)	(228,829)	(55,592)	(77,278)	(228,829)	(55,592)
	Allowance for impaired staff loans (Note 23.2)	(23,950)	(23,950)	(23,950)	(23,950)	(23,950)	(23,950)
	Amount due from related parties (Note 35)	5,850,680	10,911,411	7,442,117	5,850,679	10,886,253	97,046,692
	Allowance for impaired -related parties Trade(Note 23.2)	(373,541)	(373,541)	(179,863)	(373,541)	(373,541)	(179,863)
	Allowance for impaired -related parties Non-Trade(Note 23.2)	(554,610)	(554,610)	(377,406)	(554,610)	(554,610)	(1,390,118)
		48,642,946	63,060,342	36,072,545	37,118,625	39,371,894	109,050,854

Other financial asset is in respect of the deposit for open Letters of Credit with the banks.

Trade receivables disclosed above include amounts (see note 32 for aged analysis) that are past due more than 30 days as at the reporting date for which the company has not recognised an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

23.1 Negotiable duty credit certificate

The Company has received certificates for N805.7 million termed as Negotiable Duty Credit Certificate (NDCC). The NDCC is an instrument of the government for settling of the EEG receivables. The NDCC is used for the payment of Import and Excise duties in lieu of cash. For more than one year, the Company and other industry players have not been able to use the certificates in settlement of customs duties.

Though, a significant component of the NDDC/EEG receivable have been outstanding for more than one year, no impairment charge has been recognised by the Company in the current year because they are regarded as sovereign debt since it is owed by the government. Moreover, the government has not communicated or indicated unwillingness to honour the obligations. On the contrary, the government has announced a resumption of the scheme in 2017. Thus, the outstanding balances are classified as current assets accordingly.

23.2 Allowance for impairment of financial assets

Company	Other Receivables	Trade	Related	party	Staff loans	Total
			Trade-related	Non-trade related		
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Balance as at 1/1/2020	-	718,117	179,863	1,390,118	23,950	2,312,048
Increase/(decrease) in allowance for credit losses for the year	236,239	(176,265)	193,678	(835,508)	-	(581,856)
Balance as at 31/12/2020	236,239	541,852	373,541	554,610	23,950	1,730,192
Net impact on retained earnings in prior year	236,239	(176,265)	193,678	(835,508)		(581,856)
Balance as at 1/1/2021 Increase/(decrease) in allowance for credit losses for the period	236,239	541,852	373,541	554,610	23,950	1,730,192
Balance as at 30/6/2021	236,239	541,852	373,541	554,610	23,950	1,730,192
Net impact on retained earnings in current period		-	-	-		-

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Group	Other Receivables	Trade	Related	narty	Staff loans	Total
			Trade-related	Non-trade related	Gian Idano	
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Balance as at 1/1/2020	-	718,117	179,863	377,406	23,950	1,299,336
Increase/(decrease) in allowance for credit losses for the year	236,239	(176,265)	193,678	177,204	-	430,857
Balance as at 31/12/2020	236,239	541,852	373,541	554,610	23,950	1,730,193
Net impact on retained earnings in prior year	236,239	(176,265)	193,678	177,204		430,857
Balance as at 1/1/2021	236,239	541,852	373,541	554,610	23,950	1,730,193
Increase/(decrease) in allowance for credit losses for the period		-	-	-		-
Balance as at 30/6/2021	236,239	541,852	373,541	554,610	23,950	1,730,193
Net impact on retained earnings in current period	-	-	-	-		-
Provision for impairment (gain)/loss on financial assets	GROUP G	ROUP	GROUP	COMPANY C	OMPANY	COMPANY

23.3 31/12/2020 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 Balance at the beginning of the year 1,449,071 1,299,337 1,299,336 1,449,070 2,312,048 2,312,048 (581,855) 1,730,193 Impairment (gain)/loss recognised in profit or loss 430,857 1,449,071 2,312,048 1,730,194 1,299,336 1,449,070 Receivables written off as uncollectible Balance at the end of the June (281,123) 1,449,071 (281,123) 1,449,070 1,449,071 1,299,336 1,449,070 2,312,048

24 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Cash in hand	4,828	3,599	3,806	2,150	2,150	2,500
Bank balances	21,537,926	21,319,842	33,985,020	21,135,309	20,855,371	33,764,024
Short term deposits	27,016,000	21,366,000	29,000,000	27,016,000	21,366,000	29,000,000
Nigerian Treasury bill	2,250,000	2,171,000	2,171,000	2,250,000	2,171,000	2,171,000
	50,808,755	44,860,441	65,159,827	50,403,459	44,394,521	64,937,524

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

The balance in the share capital account was as follows:

Authorised:	GROUP GROUP 30/6/2021 31/12/2020 N'000 N'000		GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Balance at June 30 (15,000,000,000 Ordinary shares of N0.50 each)	7,500,000	7,500,000	6,000,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	6,000,000
	7,500,000	7,500,000	6,000,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	6,000,000

Following the successful completion of the scheme of arrangement, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from N6,000,000,000 (Six Billion Naira) to N7,500,000,000 (Seven Billion, Five Hundred Million Naira) by the creation of 3,000,000,000 (Three Billion) new ordinary shares of 50 kobo each.

Allotted, called up issued and fully paid:

Balance at June 30 (12,146,878,239 Ordinary shares of N0.5 each	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,000,000	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,000,000
	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,000,000	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,000,000
Share premium 12,000,000,000 ordinary shares of N0.5 each issued at N0.5267	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524

Share premium represents the excess of the shareholders' value over the nominal share capital at the point of the commencement of operations in January 2006.

26	Retained earnings	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Balance at January 1	112,328,413	96,258,578	96,258,578	112,908,939	105,762,418	105,762,420
	Profit for the year	12,609,761	29,764,578	11,582,146	13,069,406	31,370,658	11,610,029
	Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest as at December 31, 2020	-	(436,574)	-	-	-	-
	Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest (January 1 to August 31 2020)	-	15,270.49	-	-	-	-
	Net difference arising on merger (Note 43)	-	-	-	-	(10,950,699)	-
	Changes in share capital (Note 25)	-	(73,439.12)	-	-	(73,439.12)	-
	Dividend pain during the period	(18,220,317)	(13,200,000)	-	(18,220,317)	(13,200,000)	-
	Balance at June 30	106,717,857	112,328,413	107,840,724	107,758,027	112,908,939	117,372,449

Dividend recognised as distribution to owners is at N1.10 per every ordinary share held.

27 Non-controlling interest

Balance brought forward	(10,669)	(442,638)	(442,638)	-	-	-
Share of Profit/(loss) for the year	(4,643)	10,665	(1,468)	-	-	-
Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest as at December 31, 2020	-	436,574	-	-	-	-
Disposal of SSCL's non controlling interest (January 1 to August 31, 2020)	-	(15,270)	-	-	-	-
Total	(15,312)	(10,669)	(444,105)	-	-	-

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
28 Borrowings						
Held at amortised cost						
Bank loan	1,084,215	1,179,138	1,233,227	1,084,215	1,179,138	-
	1,084,215	1,179,138	1,233,227	1,084,215	1,179,138	
Non-current liabilities	984,487	984,487	-	984,487	984,487	_
Current liabilities	99,728	194,651	1,233,227	99,728	194,651	-
	1,084,215	1,179,138	1,233,227	1,084,215	1,179,138	-
Movement of borrowings						
Balance brought forward	1,179,138	1,345,226	1,345,226	1,179,138	-	-
Acquired	-	-	-	-	1,270,592	-
Accrued interest	71,328	175,674	-	71,328	74,795	-
Interest payment	(71,328)	(94,388)	-	(71,328)	(37,578)	-
Principal repayment	(94,923)	(247,374)	(112,000)	(94,923)	(128,671)	-
	1,084,214	1,179,138	1,233,227	1,084,215	1,179,138	-

In 2016, the Group received a 10-year loan of N2 Billion from Zenith Bank Plc, with two years moratorium on principal, at an interest of 9% per annum payable quarterly. It is secured on fixed and floating assets of Savannah Sugar Limited. However, in April 2020 the interest rate was reduced to 5% as part of Covid-19 palliative.

29 Employee benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Group operated a defined benefit plan for all qualifying employees up till 30 September 2013. Under the plan, the employees were entitled to retirement benefits which vary according to length of service. At the date of discontinuation, qualified staff as at this date are to be paid their retirement benefit at the point of exit hence the recognition as a current liability as it is payable on demand. The amounts stated in the financial statement as at 2013 are based on actuarial valuation carried out in 2013. For the purpose of comparison the present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost stated in the books up till 30 September 2013 was measured using the Project Unit Credit Method.

The most recent Actuarial Valuation was carried out in 2013 using the staff payroll of 30 September 2013.

Movement in gratuity	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Balance as at 1 January	969,591	980,430	980,430	969,591	798,696	798,696
Additional provision	-	121,183		-	121,183	
Gratuity acquired from Savannah Sugar Ltd	-	-	-	-	178,612	-
Benefits paid from plan	(18,887)	(132,022)	(8,385)	(18,887)	(128,900)	(7,016)
	950,704	969,591	972,045	950,704	969,591	791,680

Below is the details of gratuity acquired from Savannah Sugar Ltd:	
	N'000
Balance brought forward from January 1, 2020	181,734
Payments made up to August 31st, 2020	(3,122)
Amount acquired as at September 1, 2020	178,612

As at the date of the valuation, no fund has been set up from which payments can be disbursed. Dangote Sugar Refinery expects to settle its obligations out of its existing reserves. The contribution into the gratuity scheme was discontinued in 2013.

Defined contribution plan

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefit plan for all qualifying employees. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees.

The employees contribute 8% of their gross salary (basic, housing and transport) while the Group contributes 10% on behalf of the employees to the same plan.

30	Trade and other payables	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Trade payables	107,498,589	87,790,049	53,982,273	107,498,589	87,243,701	52,098,663
	Dividend Payable	1,467,906	1,467,906	1,977,248	1,467,906	1,467,906	1,977,248
	Accruals and sundry creditors	13,852,386	18,043,678	15,030,940	13,772,980	11,021,576	13,888,634
	Other credit balances	16,476,957	19,133,945	3,699,870	3,106,497	7,426,522	2,159,776
	Due to related parties (Note 35)	6,612,316	9,082,516	8,053,296	6,609,611	9,068,252	6,380,661
		145,908,154	135,518,094	82,743,626	132,455,582	116,227,957	76,504,982

Dangote Sugar Refinery PlcConsolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

31	Other Liabilities	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Advance payment for goods	501,955	2,761,583	3,119,467	501,946	2,761,574	3,093,834
31.1	Lease Liability	1,268,291	2,433,633	2,377,885	1,212,853	2,380,738	2,276,593
	Lease liabilities	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Opening balance as at 1 January 2021 Additions Interest expense Exchange Difference Payments made during the period Closing balance as at 30 June 2021	2,433,633 3,166 73,780 - (1,242,288) 1,268,291	2,322,159 31,910 164,376 421,704 (506,516) 2,433,633	2,322,159 55,726 - - 2,377,885	2,380,738 - 71,059 - (1,238,943) 1,212,853	2,280,637 9,335 157,296 421,704 (488,234) 2,380,738	2,280,637 - - - (4,043) 2,276,593
	Current Non-current	638,513 629,778 1,268,291	1,050,534 1,383,100 2,433,634	612,190 1,765,695 2,377,885	583,076 629,778 1,212,853	1,043,658 1,337,081 2,380,739	602,579 1,674,014 2,276,593
31.2	Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or Depreciation charge on right of use assets	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
	Land Buildings	17,013 299,893 316,906	34,025 605,342 639,367	32,220 597,006 629,226	17,013 285,477 302,489	34,025 582,919 616,944	32,220 580,697 612,917
	Interest expense (included in finance cost)	71,058	164,376	-	71,058	157,297	-
	Foreign exchange difference Expense related to short term leases (included in administrative expenses)	5,063	421,704 25,868	-	5,063	421,704 25,868	-

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

31.4 Leases where the Group is a lessor.

The Group has leased two of its buildings and a staff quarter to a related party and employees respectively. These are classified as operating leases.

Lease rental recognised in profit or loss as rental income in which the Group acts as a lessor is as shown below:

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Other income					<u>.</u>	
Rental income on operating lease (Note 11)	51,170	67,500	47,034	51,170	67,500	33,750

32 Risk management

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital structure of the Group is made up of equity comprising issued capital, share premium and retained earnings. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group's risk management committee reviews the capital structure of the Group on an annual basis. As part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group is not geared as at 31 December 2020 (see below).

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio.

This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the as at 30 June 2020 plus net debt.

The gearing ratio at 2020 and 2019 respectively were as follows:

	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Total borrowings						
Borrowings (Note 28)	1,084,215	1,179,138	1,233,227	1,084,215	1,179,138	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalent (Note 24)	50,808,755	44,860,441	65,159,827	50,403,459	44,394,521	64,937,524
Net Cash	49,724,540	43,681,303	63,926,600	49,319,244	43,215,383	64,937,524
Total Equity	119,096,507	124,711,707	119,717,143	120,151,990	125,302,902	129,692,973
Gearing ratio	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%

Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the board. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

Liquidity risk management

The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds by maintaining a balance between continuity of funding and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. To manage liquidity risk, our allocation of Letters of Credit on raw sugar and spares/chemicals are spread over dedicated banks. Therefore, the establishment of these Letters of Credit which are commitments by the banks provide security to our funds placed on deposit accounts. In other words our funds placed are substantially tied to our obligations on raw sugar and spares.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

32 Risk management (continued)

Deposits with banks and other financial institutions

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Group's treasury department in accordance with its corporate treasury policy that spells out counterparty limits, lists of financial institutions that the Group deals with and the maximum tenure of fixed term funds. Surplus funds are spread amongst these institutions and funds must be within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Corporate Treasurer periodically and may be updated throughout the year. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through the potential counterparty's failure.

Maximum exposure to credit risks

The carrying value of the Group's financial assets represents its maximum exposure to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Financial instrument	GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Trade receivables	6,053,885	6,675,277	3,463,724	6,053,884	6,675,277	3,463,724
Other receivables	1,852,533	1,502,030	5,058,839	1,781,179	1,485,617	1,792,125
Deposit for open Letters of Credit with the banks	18,219,472	14,229,547	6,755,122	18,051,114	14,229,547	6,755,122
Amount due from related party	4,922,528	9,983,259	6,884,848	4,922,528	9,958,102	95,476,711
Cash and cash equivalents	50,808,755	44,860,441	65,159,827	50,403,459	44,394,521	64,937,524
	81,857,173	77,250,554	87,322,360	81,212,164	76,743,064	172,425,206

Excluded from the other receivables balance shown above are the VAT, advance to vendors, Withholding tax receivable and NDCC receivables, these are not financial instruments.

Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to fluctuations in interest rates on its borrowings. The Group pays fixed/floating rate interest on its borrowings. The company actively monitors interest rate exposures on its investment portfolio and borrowings so as to minimise the effect of interest rate fluctuations on the income statement. The risk on borrowings is managed by the company by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings. All loans, cash and cash equivalent are fixed interest based and therefore the company does not have any exposure to the risk of changes in market rates.

Interest rate sensitivity

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for related party loan at the prevailing market interest rate of 13.5% at the end of the reporting period. A 250 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. A 250 basis points reflects a N50 million impact on finance cost. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit or equity for a 250 basis points change in the finance cost. A negative number below indicates a decrease in profit or equity for a 250 basis points change in the finance cost.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

32 Risk management (continued)

Group			
At 30 June 2021	Less than one	More than one	Total
	year	year	
	N'000	N'000	N'000
Borrowings	99,728	984,487	1,084,215
Lease liability	638,513	629,778	1,268,291
Trade and other payables	127,963,291	4 C44 OCE	127,963,291
	128,701,532	1,614,265	130,315,797
At 30 June 2020			
Borrowings	1,233,227	-	1,233,227
Lease liability	612,190	1,765,695	2,377,885
Trade and other payables	77,066,508	· · ·	77,066,508
• •	78,911,925	1,765,695	80,677,620
			00,011,020
Company			
At 30 June 2021	Less than one	More than one	Total
	year	year	
	N'000	N'000	N'000
Borrowings	99,728	984,487.00	1,084,215.00
Lease liability	583,076	629,778	1,212,854.00
Trade and other payables	127,881,180	-	127,881,180
	128,563,984	1,614,265	130,178,249
At 30 June 2020			
Borrowings	-	-	-
Lease liability	602,579	1,674,014	2,276,593
Trade and other payables	72,367,958	, , -	72,367,958
L. A			, ,
	72,970,537	1,674,014	74,644,551

Financial liabilities that can be repaid at any time have been assigned to the earliest possible time period. It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

The Group is exposed to credit risk from its investing activities (primarily for trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and other financial institutions. The Group has a credit management committee that is responsible for carrying out preliminary credit checks, review and approval of bank guarantees to credit customers. A credit controller also monitors trade receivable balances and resolves credit related matters.

Before accepting any new customer to buy on credit, the customer must have purchased goods on cash basis for a minimum period of six months in order to test the financial capability of the customer. Based on good credit rating by the credit committee of the Company, the customer may be allowed to migrate to credit purchases after the presentation of an acceptable bank guarantee which must be valid for one year.

Concentration of risk

32% of the trade receivables are due from a single customer whose credit history is good. The Group evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are otherwise diverse including both corporate entities and lots of individual end users. The requirement for impairment is analysed at each reporting date on an individual basis for corporate and individual customers.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

33 Financial assets by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below

		GROUP 30/6/2021 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2020 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2021 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2020 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2020 N'000
Assets							
Trade and ot	her receivables	31,048,418	32,390,113	22,162,533	30,808,705	32,348,543	107,487,682
Cash and cas	sh equivalents	50,808,755	44,860,441	65,159,827	50,403,459	44,394,521	64,937,524
		81,857,173	77,250,554	87,322,360	81,212,164	76,743,064	172,425,206
34 Financial lia	bilities by category						
		GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
		30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Liabilities							
Borrowings		1,084,215	1,179,138	1,233,227	1,084,215	1,179,138	-
Lease liabilitie	es	1,268,291	2,433,634	2,377,885	1,212,853	2,380,739	2,276,593
Trade and ot	her payables	145,908,154	135,518,094	54,497,731	132,455,582	116,227,957	76,504,982
		148,260,660	139,130,866	58,108,842	134,752,650	119,787,834	78,781,575

35 Related party information

35.1 Related parties and Nature of relationship and transactions

Related parties Nature of relationship and transactions

Dansa Foods Limited

An entity controlled by key management personnel of the Company that has trading relationship with

the Company.

NASCON Allied Industries PLC Fellow subsidiary from which the Company purchases raw salt as input in the production process

Bluestar services Limited Fellow subsidiary Company that provides clearing and stevedoring services

Bluestar Clearing Limited Fellow subsidiary Company that provides clearing and stevedoring services

Savannah Sugar Company Limited
Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Adamawa Sugar Company Limited
Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Nassarawa Sugar Company Limited
Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Subsidiary- Backward integrated project

Dangote Global Services Limited (UK)

Fellow subsidiary- Payment for foreign procurements

Dangote Oil and Gas Company Limited

Fellow subsidiary - Supply of AGO and LPFO

angote Oil and Gas Company Limited Fellow subsidiary - Supply of AGO and LPFO

Dangote Industries Limited

Parent company that provides management support and receives 7.5% of total reimbursables as

management fees

Dancom Technologies Limited
Fellow subsidiary - Supply of IT services
MHF Properties Limited
Fellow subsidiary - Property rentals.

Greenview Development Company Limited
Fellow subsidiary - Property rentals.

Kura Holdings Limited
Fellow subsidiary - Travel services

Aliko Dangote Foundation Under common control- Incures expenses on each other's behalf

Dangote Sinotrucks west Africa Limited Fellow subsidiary- Supply of fleet trucks

Dangote Cement Plc Fellow subsidiary - exchange of diesel and LPFO

Dangote Packaging Limited Fellow subsidiary- Supplies empty for bagging of finished sugar

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

35 Related party information (continued)

Dangote Adamawa Sugar Limited	30/6/2020 N'000
Dangote Adamawa Sugar Limited	1,855,736
Savannah Sugar Company Limited - - - 60,084, Dangote Global Services Limited (UK) 1,328,568 1,281,822 1,582,449 1,328,568 1,281,822 1,582, NASCON Allied Industries PLC 176,468 282,475 145,284 176,468 282,475 145, Dangote Sinotruck west Africa Limited - 17,800 17,800 - - - Greenview Development Nigeria Limited 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,793 1,1107,193 1,1107,193 1,1107,193 1,1107,193 1,1107,193 1,1107,193 1,1107,193 1,1107,193 1,110	8,736,927
Dangote Global Services Limited (UK) 1,328,568 1,281,822 1,582,449 1,328,568 1,281,822 1,582,449 NASCON Allied Industries PLC 176,468 282,475 145,284 176,468 282,475 145,284 Dangote Sinotruck west Africa Limited - 17,800 17,800 - - Greenview Development Nigeria Limited 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560, 792 Dangote Fertilizer Limited 1,107,193 1,107,193 1,119,485 1,107,193<	18,957,898
NASCON Allied Industries PLC 176,468 282,475 145,284 176,468 282,475 17,800 18,911,19,485 11,107,193 1,117,193 1,117,193 1,117,193 1,117,193 1,117,193 1,117,193 1,119,485 282,131 959,130	60,084,588
Dangote Sinotruck west Africa Limited - 17,800 17,800	1,582,449
Greenview Development Nigeria Limited 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,792 630,915 2,516,022 1,560,763 1,119,485 1,107,193 1,119,485 1,119,485 1,107,193 1,119,485 1,119,485 1,119,485 1,119,485 1,119,485 2,516,022 1,560,763 852,131 959,130 959,130 852,131 959,130 959,130 852,131 959,130 959,130 852,131 959,130 959,130 852,131 959,130 852,131 959,130 852,131 959,130 852,131 959,130	145,284
Dangote Fertilizer Limited 1,107,193 1,107,193 1,119,485 1,107,193 1,119,385 1,107,193 1,119,385 25,291 27,704 13,485 25,291 18,485 25,291 28,285 28,285 28,285 28,285 28,285	-
Dancom Technologies Limited 13,485 25,291 27,704 13,485 25,291 18, AG Dangote Construction Limited AG Dangote Construction Limited 959,130 959,130 852,131 959,130 959,130 852, Bluestar Shipping line Limited - - - 3,282 - <	1,560,792
AG Dangote Construction Limited 959,130 959,130 852,131 959,130 959,130 852, Bluestar Shipping line Limited - 3,282	1,119,485
Bluestar Shipping line Limited 3,282 Dangote Rice 700 - 700 -	18,860
Dangote Rice 700 - - 700 - Dangote Packaging Limited - - 648 - - Aliko Dangote Foundation 87,442 505,767 793,470 87,442 505,767 793, 793, 793, 793, 793, 793, 793, 793,	852,131
Dangote Packaging Limited - - 648 - - Aliko Dangote Foundation 87,442 505,767 793,470 87,442 505,767 793, 793, 793, 793, 793, 793, 793, 793,	-
Aliko Dangote Foundation 87,442 505,767 793,470 87,442 505,767 793, Dangote Cement PLC 1,273,023 1,339,072 - 1,273,023 1,339, Dangote Industries Limited 1,546,778 2,942,888 - 1,546,778 2,935,530 Gross amount due from related parties (Note 23) 5,850,680 10,911,411 7,442,116 5,850,679 10,886,253 97,046, Allowance for impaired -related parties Trade(Note 23.2) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (554,610) (554,610) (554,610) (554,610)	-
Dangote Cement PLC 1,273,023 1,339,072 - 1,273,023 1,339,072 Dangote Industries Limited 1,546,778 2,942,888 - 1,546,778 2,935,530 Gross amount due from related parties (Note 23) 5,850,680 10,911,411 7,442,116 5,850,679 10,886,253 97,046, Allowance for impaired -related parties Trade(Note 23.2) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) Allowance for impaired -related parties Non-Trade(Note 23.2) (554,610) (554,610) (377,406) (554,610) (554,610) (1,390,740)	-
Dangote Industries Limited 1,546,778 2,942,888 - 1,546,778 2,935,530 Gross amount due from related parties (Note 23) 5,850,680 10,911,411 7,442,116 5,850,679 10,886,253 97,046,778 Allowance for impaired -related parties Trade(Note 23.2) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) Allowance for impaired -related parties Non-Trade(Note 23.2) (554,610) (554,610) (377,406) (554,610) (554,610) (1,390,700)	793,470
Gross amount due from related parties (Note 23) 5,850,680 10,911,411 7,442,116 5,850,679 10,886,253 97,046,9	1,339,072
Allowance for impaired -related parties Trade(Note 23.2) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (179,863) (373,541) (179,863)	-
Allowance for impaired -related parties Non-Trade(N0te 23.2) (554,610) (554,610) (377,406) (554,610) (554,610) (1,390,7	97,046,691
	(179,863)
Net amount due from related parties 4,922,528 9,983,259 6,884,847 4,922,528 9,958,102 95,476,	(1,390,118)
	95,476,710
v) Amount owed to related parties	
Dangote Cement PLC 5,074,028 7,307,856 5,733,057 5,074,028 7,296,524 4,101,	4,101,290
Greenview Development Nigeria Limited 1,833	-
Dangote Niger Sugar Limited 46,	46,843
Dangote Packaging Limited 397,746 132,894 130,387 397,746 132,894 130,	130,387
	322,646
	26,066
	234,370
	1,548
Dancom Technologies Limited 2,705 2,705	-
	14,569
. 3 3	478,422
	1,024,520
	6,380,661

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

35 Related party information (continued)

Sales of goods to related parties were made at the Company's usual market price without any discount to reflect the quantity of goods sold to related parties. Purchases were made at market price and there was no discount on all purchases.

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received.

Dangote Industries Limited (DIL) in recognition of the requirement of transfer pricing regulations that all transactions between connected taxable persons shall be carried out in a manner that is consistent with arm's length principle has come up with basis of computing its management fees and royalty taking into cognizance certain principles.

Royalty payment shall be made in addition to management fees payable from 1 January 2015 at the rate of 0.5% of the total revenue.

35.4 Loans to and from related parties

There are no related party loans as at 30 June 2021.

35.5 Key Management Personnel

List of Directors of Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc

1	Alh. Aliko	Dangote (GCON)	Chairman
---	------------	----------------	----------

2 Mr. Ravindra Singhvi Board Member (Group Managing Director/CEO)

3 Alh. Sani Dangote
4 Mr. Olakunle Alake
5 Mr. Uzoma Nwankwo
6 Ms. Bennedikter Molokwu
7 Dr. Konyinsola Ajayi (SAN)
8 Alh. Abdu Dantata
9 Ms. Maryam Bashir

Board Member (Director)
Board Member (Director)
Board Member (Director)
Board Member (Director)

Mrs. Temitope Hassan Company Secretary/Legal Adviser

List of key management staff

1 Mr. Ravindra Singhvi Group Managing Director/CEO

2 Mrs. Adebola Falade Chief Finance officer

3 Mrs. Temitope Hassan
 4 Engr. Thiru Rajasekar
 5 Mr.Babafemi Gbadewole
 Company Secretary/Legal Adviser
 General Manager, Refinery
 Chief Internal Auditor

6 Mr. Adesola Ogunaike Head, Supply Chain

7 Mr. Saddiq Bello General Manager, Sales and marketing

8 Mr. Hassan Salisu General Manager, Human Resources and Admin.

9 Mr. Ayokunle Ushie Head, Risk Management

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

35 Related parties (Cont'd)

35.6	Compensation to	directors and	other key	management
------	-----------------	---------------	-----------	------------

	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Short-term employee benefits	-	490,506	-	-	490,506	-
	-	490.506		-	490,506	-

36 Employee costs

The following items are included within employee benefits expenses:

	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
Direct employee costs	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020	30/6/2021	31/12/2020	30/6/2020
Direct employee costs	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Basic	845,282	2,367,298	750,452	845,282	1,927,903	611,429
Bonus	-	94,266	-	-	94,266	-
Medical claims	12,635	15	60,487	12,635	15	43,172
Leave allowance	108,520	176,089	282,992	108,520	147,460	279,981
Short term benefits	1,249,143	1,722,194	905,240	1,249,143	1,339,343	653,967
Other short term costs	238,288	547,992	666,648	238,288	211,148	66,494
Pension	125,131	226,950	171	125,131	198,801	172
Termination benefits	-	262	16,867	-	262	16,867
<u> </u>	2,578,999	5,135,066	2,682,856	2,578,999	3,919,197	1,672,081

Indirect employee costs	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000	30/6/2021 N'000	31/12/2020 N'000	30/6/2020 N'000
Basic	459,868	831,307	94,971	459,868	700,247	91,418
Bonus	-	62,518	9,568	-	62,518	9,568
Medical claims and allowance	4,974	9,974	47,488	4,974	3,291	5,978
NSITF and ITF levies	42,732	89,173	32,479	42,732	56,370	26,533
Short term benefits	785,400	1,292,978	641,024	785,400	892,559	522,224
Other short term costs	380,523	871,715	618,080	380,523	631,426	241,336
Pension	69,073	27,582	51,208	69,073	103,469	48,390
Termination benefits	2,844	1,291	17,327	2,844	1,291	-
	1,745,414	3,186,538	1,512,146	1,745,414	2,451,171	945,446
Total employee costs						
Direct employee cost	2,578,999	5,135,066	2,682,856	2,578,999	3,919,197	1,672,081
Indirect employee cost	1,745,414	3,186,538	1,512,146	1,745,414	2,451,171	945,446

Average number of persons employed during the year was:

	30/6/2021 Number	31/12/2020 Number	30/6/2020 Number	30/6/2021 Number	31/12/2020 Number	30/6/2020 Number
Management	122	121	115	108	110	95
Senior Staff	570	547	530	556	533	355
Junior Staff	2,129	2,212	2012	2,126	2,212	1118
	2,821	2,880	2,657	2,790	2,855	1,568

8,321,604

4,195,002

4,324,413

6,370,368

2,617,527

4,324,413

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

37 Free Float Computation

Company Name: Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc

Board Listed: Main Board Year End: December

Reporting Period: Period Ended 30 June 2021
Share Price at end of reporting period: N18.75 (2020: N12.00)

Shareholding structure/Free Float Status

	30-J	30-Jun-20			
Description	Unit	Percentage	Unit	Percentage	
Issued Share Capital	12,146,878,241	100%	12,000,000,000	100%	
Substantial Shareholdings (5% and above):					
Dangote Industries limited	8,122,446,281	66.87%	8,122,446,281	67.69%	
Dangote Aliko	653,095,014	5.38%	653,095,014	5.44%	
Total Substantial Shareholdings	8,775,541,295	72.25%	8,775,541,295	73.13%	
Directors' Shareholdings (direct and indirect), excluding of	directors with substantial interest:				
Alhaji Sani Dangote	Nil		Nil		
Mr. Olakunle Alake (Direct)	7,194,000	0.06%	7,194,000	0.06%	
Ms Benedicta Molokwu (Direct)	1,483,400	0.01%	1,483,400	0.01%	
Alhaji Abdu Dantata (Direct)	1,044,400	0.01%	1,044,400	0.01%	
Mr. Uzoma Nwankwo (Direct)	384,692	0.00%	384,692	0.00%	
Dr. Konyinsola Ajayi (SAN)	-	-	-	-	
Ms. Maryam Bashir	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Ravindra Singhvi	-	-			
Total Directors' Shareholdings	10,106,492	0.08%	10,106,492	0.08%	
Free Float in Units and Percentage	3,361,230,454	27.67%	3,214,352,233	26.79%	
Free Float in Value (N)	63.023.071.013		38.572.226.556		

Declaration:

- (A) Dangote Sugar Refinery PIc with a free float percentage of 27.67% as at 30 June 2021, is compliant with The Exchange's free float requirements for companies
- (B) Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc with a free float value of N38,572,226,556.00 as at 30 June 2020, is compliant with The Exchange's free float requirements for

38 Securities Trading Policy

In compliance with Rule 17.15 Disclosure of Dealings in Issuers' Shares, Rulebook of The Exchange 2015 (Issuers' Rule), Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc maintains a Security Trading Policy (Policy) which guides Directors, Audit Committee members, employees and all individuals categorized as insiders in relation to their dealings in the Company's shares. The Policy undergoes periodic review by the Board and is updated accordingly. The Company has made specific inquiries of all its directors and other insiders and is not aware of any infringement of the Policy during the period.